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Page 6B-3, Section 6B.01, Line 30

D. When warranted needed, an engineering study should be made (in cooperation with law

Page 6C-9, Section 6C.08, Lines 15 and 16

The criteria for determining the taper length (L) is shown in Table 6C-2 and should be the minimum used.

Page 6C-9, Section 6C.08, Line 17

The maximum distance in meters (feet) between devices in a taper should not exceed

Page 6C-10, Section 6C.08, Line 8 (Line 6 in TABLE)

		,	1		,
Down	stream Taper	(optional)		30 m (1	100 ft) per lane

Page 6F-2, Section 6F.02, Between Lines 10 & 11

<u>Under emergency situations</u>, standard warning and guide signs may be used if the orange warning or guide signs are not readily available.

Page 6F-5, Section 6F.03, Line 7 used for a duration of more than 3 7 days.

Page 6F-22, Section 6F.17, Between Lines 21 & 22

Option:

The words, or word, ROAD CONSTRUCTION, or CONSTRUCTION, may be substituted for the words ROAD WORK on any temporary traffic control signs.

Page 6F-32, Section 6F.48, Between Lines 5 & 6

The words, or word, ROAD CONSTRUCTION, or CONSTRUCTION, may be substituted for the words ROAD WORK on any temporary traffic control signs.

Page 6F-32, Section 6F.49, Between Lines 15 & 16

The words, or word, ROAD CONSTRUCTION, or CONSTRUCTION, may be substituted for the words ROAD WORK on any temporary traffic control signs.

Page 6F-33, Section 6F.52, Line 29

either one or two phases <u>under normal circumstances</u>. <u>Due to extra ordinary, or unusual circumstances</u>, there shall be no more than three phases. <u>Typically, a A</u> phase shall consist of up to three lines of

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Page 6F-59, Section 6F.74, Between Lines 15 & 16

Temporary traffic control signals shall not be mounted on trailers or lightweight portable supports.

Page 6F-59, Section 6F.74, Lines 19 through 21

Option:

— Temporary traffic control signals may be portable or temporarily mounted on fixed supports. Guidance:

Page 6F-60, Section 6F.74, Lines 22 & 23

Although \underline{t} emporary traffic control signals can <u>not</u> be mounted on trailers or lightweight portable supports, \underline{f} <u>Fixed</u> supports offer superior resistance to displacement or damage by severe weather,

Page 6G-5, Section 6G.03, Line 21

taking place, shall supply information about <u>applicable lane restrictions or usage</u>, highway conditions, and shall indicate

Page 6G-5, Section 6G.03, Between Lines 22 & 23 Option:

When the work space is within the traveled way, except for short-duration and mobile operations, advance warning may supply information about highway conditions, as applicable.

Page 6G-10, Section 6G.07, Lines 6 & 7

lane width of 3 m (10 ft), the lane should <u>normally</u> be closed.

Truck off-tracking should be considered when determining whether the minimum

Page 6H-16, Section 6H.01, Line 4

1. All lanes should <u>normally</u> be a <u>minimum of 3 m (10 ft), or more</u>, in width as measured to the near face

Page 6H-28, Section 6H.01, Line 7

signals. The location of the traffic signals in Figure 6H-12 only depicts the number of signal indications and do not indicate the actual location, vertical or horizontally, in relation to the motorists line of sight.

Page 6H-32, Section H.01, Line 20

conventional traffic control signals as described in Part 4. <u>The location of the traffic signals in Figure 6H-14 only depicts the necessity for locating the traffic signals for visibility from each approach.</u> Traffic control signal

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Page 6H-34, Section 6H.01, Lines 4 & 5

1. The lanes on either side of the center work space should <u>normally</u> have a minimum width of 3 m (10 ft), or more, as measured from the near edge of the channelizing devices to the edge

Page 6H-56, Section 6H.01, Line 6

2. All lanes should <u>normally</u> be a minimum of 3 m (10 ft), <u>or more</u>, in width as measured as measured to the near face

Page 6H-60, Section 6H.01, Line 4

1. Where sidewalks exist, provisions shall be made for disabled pedestrians, if the sidewalk is normally accessible to disabled pedestrians.

Page 6H-62, Section 6H.01, Line 4

1. Where sidewalks exist, provisions shall be made for disabled persons, if the sidewalk is normally accessible to disabled persons.

Page 6H-68, Section 6H.01, Lines 11 & 12

2. Where channelizing devices are used instead of pavement markings, the maximum normal spacing should be 0.1 S meters, or less, where S is the speed in km/h (0.5 S feet where S is